2020

Healthcare Risk Assessment



Region 3 Healthcare Coalition Alliance

Approved: June 15, 2018 Updated: June 2020

REGION 3 HEALTHCARE RISK ASSESSMENT 2020

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REGION 3 HEALTHCARE COALITION ALLIANCE

2020 HEALTHCARE RISK ASSESSMENT

INTRODUCTION

The Region 3 Healthcare Coalition Alliance is made up of three existing Healthcare Coalitions: Northeast Florida Healthcare Coalition (NEFLHCC), North Central Florida Health Care Coalition (NCFHCC) and Coalition for Health and Medical Preparedness (CHAMP). The 18 counties served by the Alliance include: Alachua, Baker, Bradford, Clay, Columbia, Dixie, Duval, Flagler, Gilchrist, Hamilton, Lafayette, Levy, Marion, Nassau, Putnam, St. Johns, Suwannee, and Union Counties. Planning for response and recovery for this 12,000 square mile geographic area can be challenging as it includes immense diversity from rural to urban areas and includes both coastal and inland counties.

BACKGROUND

Each Coalition developed a Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) as a contract deliverable for Fiscal Year 2013-2014 and expanded into a more comprehensive assessment for 2014-2015. These early HIRA reports presented by each Coalition provided the first unified assessment of hazard risk, vulnerability, capabilities, resources, and gaps as they impact and relate to the healthcare system in each sub-region. The 2014-2015 HIRA described the methodology used for the assessment, which served as the basis for the 2015-2016 Community Hazard Vulnerability Assessment (CVA).

With the creation of the Region 3 Healthcare Coalition Alliance, and as a contract deliverable for 2017-18, the Alliance developed the Region 3 Healthcare Hazard Vulnerability Analysis (HVA) and this Region 3 Healthcare Risk Assessment. The Alliance created a team of emergency management, public health and planning subject matter experts (SME) to combine and evaluate the regional data to create the Region 3 Alliance Healthcare HVA. The HVA was then used by the SME Team to create this 2018 Region 3 Healthcare Risk Assessment. While the regional healthcare system has no jurisdictional authority, this Healthcare Risk Assessment is referred to as the Healthcare Jurisdictional Risk Assessment (JRA).

Since the 2018 Healthcare JRA was written, the regional partners have responded to 2019 Hurricane Dorian and are currently responding to COVID-19. These activations are used to validate the updates to this Healthcare Risk Assessment.

PURPOSE

The Region 3 Healthcare Risk Assessment (JRA) is used to identify the effects specific hazards have on regional jurisdictions and populations. The assessment further recommends mitigation strategies to lessen these effects on the healthcare delivery system. The JRA, along with the Region 3 Healthcare Hazard and Vulnerability Assessment (HVA) are used to identify gaps and inform the Coalition's planning, training and project selection and funding decisions.

METHODS and PROCESS

The first step in developing the JRA was to review the prioritized hazards identified in the Region 3 Alliance Healthcare HVA.

Region 3 Healthcare Hazards				
Level of Risk	Hazard			
Major	Hurricane / Tropical Storm (including storm surge)			
	Regional Electrical Failure (i.e. blackout)			
	Flooding with potential for disruption / harm			
	Cyber Terrorism			
	Infectious Disease			
	MCI Incident General Injuries			
	Regional Communications Disruption			
	Multi-Jurisdictional Wild Fire			
	Widespread Supply Chain Interruption			
	Armed Individual/Active Shooter incident (Large Scale)			
Moderate	Tornado or Microburst			
	Pandemic			
	Multiple Facility Evacuations			
	Regional Sewer / Water Treatment Failure			
	Regional Water Disruption / Interruption			
Minor	Widespread Transportation Disruption / Failure			
	Regional Fuel Shortage(s)			
	Temperature Extremes			
	MCI involving chemical, biological or radiological materials			
	MCI involving conventional weapons			
	Winter Weather Event			

Table 1: 2020 Region	3 Alliance Hazards
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The SME Team then reviewed other data, including Coalition After-Action Review (AAR) documents, Coalition partner AARs, and the Florida Department of Health's Public Health Risk Assessment Tool (FPHRAT) to identify the impacts to the healthcare system created by each hazard. The effects identified by the SME Team impact the Region and/or healthcare populations.

Attachment 1: Alliance FPHRAT Reports

Table 2: Hazard Impacts to the Healthcare System

Hazards Analysis for Region 3 Healthcare Alliance

Associated Impacts to the Healthcare System

Hazard Ranking by Likelihood and Impact Potential Healthcare Impacts Level of F		
Hazard Kanking by Elkelihood and Impact Potential Realthcare Impacts Level of Ki Hurricane / Tropical Storm Regional Electrical Failure Regional Medical Surge Flooding Cyber Terrorism Infectious Disease Widespread Supply Shortage (Oxygen, Fuel, Medication) Widespread Staff Shortages MCI Widespread Mental/Behavioral Health Issues Loss of Primary and Ancillary Medical Services Loss of Infrastructure (Communications, Facility, Roadways, Equipment)		
Regional Communications disruption Multi-Jurisdictional Wild Fire Widespread Supply Chain Disruption Large Scale Active Assailant Tornado or Microburst Pandemic Multiple Facility Evacuation Regional Sewer/Water treatment Failure Regional Water Disruption	Regional Transportation Shortage Widespread Staff Shortages Widespread Supply Shortages Widespread Mental/Behavioral Health Issues Localized Facility Evacuations Localized Medical Surge Loss of Primary and Ancillary Medical Services Loss of Infrastructure (Communications, Facility, Equipment) Loss of Basic Essentials	Moderate
Widespread Transportation Disruption/Fail Regional Fuel Shortage Temperature Extremes CBRN MCI Incident Explosive (conventional weapon) MCI Winter Weather Event	Iure Regional Transportation Shortage Regional Supply Shortages Widespread Staff Shortages Widespread Mental/Behavioral Health Issues Localized Facility Evacuations Localized Medical Surge	Minor

Once the healthcare impacts were identified, the SME team developed a list of potential effects each impact would have on jurisdictions within Region 3, the healthcare system and its populations.

Healthcare Impacts Effects on Jurisdictions & Populations				
	 Poor health outcomes for patient evacuees 			
Eacility Evacuations	 Impact on healthcare services 			
Facility Evacuations	Limited transportation resources			
	 Med surge on receiving facilities 			
	 Staff shortages 			
Medical Surge	 Resources (People, Equipment and Supply) shortages 			
	 Impact to ongoing care 			
Dationt Movement	 Extended evacuation times 			
Patient Movement Transportation Shortage	 Poor health outcomes 			
	 Impacts to emergency medical response 			
	 Disproportionate effect on oxygen, dialysis, etc. dependent 			
Power Failure	 Loss of medical services (dialysis, etc.) 			
	 Loss of water, sewer, HVAC in facilities 			
(HVAC, EMR, Medication Dispensing)	 Loss of resources (food, fuel, etc.) 			
Disperising)	 Emergency response surge 			
	 Facility Impacts: EMR, pharmacy, isolation facilities, elevators 			
Mental / Behavioral Health	 Short & Long-term effects on responders/victims/community 			
	 Disproportionate effects on vulnerable populations 			
	 Emergency medical services impacts 			
Loss of Infrastructure	 Disruption of supply chain (fuel, etc.) 			
(Transportation / Communications)	 Loss of data (patient records, data backup) 			
	 Loss of communications and situational awareness 			
	 Poor patient outcomes 			
Supply Shortages	 Staff / Responder health & safety issues 			
	 Delayed medical services/treatment 			
Staff Shortages	 Poor patient outcomes 			
Staff Shortages	 Delayed medical services / treatments 			
	• ER Surge			
Loss of primary & ancillary services	 Emergency medical services impacts 			
Loss of primary & anchary services	 Increase in untreated chronic diseases 			
	 Increased poor health outcomes for general population 			
MCI	• ER Surge			
IVICI	 Medical Examiner & Vital Statistics Surge 			

 Table 3: Effects on Jurisdictions and Populations

With the healthcare impacts and effects identified, this allowed the SME Team to recommend mitigation strategies that the Coalition may consider. Completion of these mitigation strategies are intended to lessen the effects potential or expected hazards may have on the healthcare system.

Mitigation Strategies recommended include:

Healthcare Impacts	Mitigation Strategies		
	 Develop a Regional Evacuation Plan 		
Facility Evacuations	 Continuity of Operations Plans for facilities & ancillary services 		
	 MOA's for primary and secondary providers 		
	 Continued Med Surge Planning/Training/Exercising 		
	Supply Chain Assessment		
Medical Surge	 MOA's between facilities for supplies & staff 		
	 New / Refresh Equipment Caches 		
	 Increase bystander training & resources (i.e. Stop the Bleed) 		
Patient Movement	 Identify new providers 		
	 MOUs for those providers and reimbursement processes 		
Transportation Shortage	 Develop alternative plans 		
	 Special needs outreach -Identifying vulnerable populations 		
Power Failure	 Plans for evacuation, patient movement, etc. 		
(HVAC, EMR, Medication	 MOUs for supplies, evacuations, surge, etc. 		
Dispensing)	 Training for patient movement (med sled, blankets, etc.) 		
Dispensing)	 Plan for paper medical records 		
	 Continuity of Operations Plans for facilities & ancillary services 		
Mental / Behavioral Health	 Identify applicable resources: crisis teams, comfort animals, etc. 		
	 Training for responders (incident stress, psychological 1st aid etc.) 		
Loss of Infrastructure	 Plans & training for paper medical records 		
(Transportation /	 Standardized paper records 		
Communications)	P.A.C.E Planning		
	Supply Chain Assessment		
Supply Shortages	 MOU's to share resources 		
Supply Shortages	 Identifying secondary vendors/suppliers 		
	 Continuity of Operations Plans for facilities & ancillary services 		
	 Credentialing processes defined (and agreed upon) 		
Staff Shortages	 Liability Coverage & Reciprocity defined 		
	 MOU's to share staff 		
	 Continuity of Operations Plans for facilities & ancillary services 		
Loss of primary & ancillary services	Alternate Medical Treatment Sites		
MCI	Mass Fatality Planning/Training/Exercising		

Table 4: Mitigation Strategies

Each Region 3 Healthcare Coalition Board was presented with these outcomes and strategies for consideration during their respective May 2018 meetings and was adopted by the Region 3 Healthcare Alliance Board on June 15, 2018. The document was updated in May 2020 and the updates adopted in June 2020.

USE OF REGION 3 HEALTHCARE RISK ASSESSMENT (JRA)

The mitigation strategies identified in this JRA are intended to provide guidance to each Coalition and the Region 3 Alliance when prioritizing and funding projects. This will help to ensure equity and provide benefit to increase the resiliency of the entire healthcare system across the 18 counties in the Region 3 Alliance.

Each Coalition in Region 3 has a process to provide resources and funding for projects that will assist its members in filling identified gaps. Opportunities include assistance with planning, training and exercises and/or provision of project funding to purchase or enhance resources and supplies needed for healthcare response.

Following the Coalition project funding processes, if a member's planning, training, exercise or project request aligns with the mitigation strategies identified in this JRA; the project will receive priority in the approval process.

USE OF HEALTHCARE JRA DATA FOR TRAINING & EXERCISE

The mitigation strategies identified in this report provide the basis for future training and exercise planning for the Coalitions as documented in the annual Alliance Multi-Year Training and Exercise Plan. The Alliance MYTEP demonstrates the incorporation of the identified strategies into the training and exercise planning process.

DISTRIBTION OF REGION 3 HEALTHCARE JRA RESULTS

This Region 3 Healthcare Jurisdictional Risk Assessment, along with the Hazard Vulnerability Assessment, is provided to all Coalition Board members during the June Board meetings. Coalition membership includes various members of the healthcare sector, Emergency Management, EMS and Public Health officials and other organizations involved in the healthcare delivery system.

Copies of these reports are posted on each Coalition's website for use by Coalition members. Members are encouraged to use this data to develop projects that will improve the capabilities of the regional healthcare response.

LIST of RESOURCES

- DOH Public Health Risk Assessment (FPHRAT) for 18 counties in the Alliance
- Coalition After Action Reviews
- Region 3 Healthcare Hazard Vulnerability Assessment
- Region 3 Alliance MYTEP
- Health and Human Services emPower Map 2.0
- Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR) Social Vulnerability Index

Attachment 1: Region 3 Alliance FPHRAT Reports

Capability Score Assessment – Aggregated for Region 3 Alliance

Capability Score Aggregated: Alachua County - Baker County - Bradford County - Clay County - Columbia County Duval County - Flagler County - Gilchrist County - Hamilton County Lafayette County - Levy County - Marion County - Nassau County - Putnam County St. Johns County - Sumter County - Union County - Putnam County St. Johns County - Sumter County - Union County - Putnam County St. Johns County - Sumter County - Union County - Putnam County St. Johns County - Sumter County - Union County - Putnam County St. Johns County - Sumter County - Union County - Putnam County - Sumter County - Union County - Putnam County - Sumter County - Union County - Putnam County - Sumter County - Union County - Putnam County - Sumter County - Putnam County -

Capability Description	Average Assessment	Minimum Average Capability	Maximum Average Capability
Community Preparedness	4.30	3.00	5.00
Community Recovery	3.97	3.00	5.00
Emergency Operations Coordination	4.40	3.80	5.00
Emergency Public Information and Warning	4.46	3.00	5.00
Fatality Management	3.43	2.00	4.80
Information Sharing	4.23	3.33	5.00
Mass Care Coordination	4.16	2.50	5.00
Medical Countermeasures Dispensing	3.87	2.20	5.00
Medical Material Management and Distribution	4.00	2.60	5.00
Medical Surge Capability	3.80	2.50	5.00
Non-Pharmaceutical Interventions	4.16	2.25	5.00
Public Health Laboratory Testing	3.75	1.66	5.00
Public Health Surveillance and Epidemiological Investigation	4.16	2.25	5.00
Responder Safety and Health	4.10	2.33	5.00
Volunteer Management	3.54	1.75	5.00



Capability Gap – Aggregated for Region 3 Alliance



Capability Gap – Aggregated for State of Florida





